

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, 80 S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over E. J. Phelps jewelry store, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

HARDWARE.

A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, etc.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corne & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer bottles, Flasks, etc.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store, East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.



If you want to get the greatest value in good, useful goods you ever did, send for samples

and see what splendid Dress Goods and Silks being closed out.

Odd and surplus lines—at prices that don't near touch what the goods cost us.

Dress Goods—Novelties and Plain Mixtures—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Silks 50c, 65c, 75c—including lots of fine evening silks.

Broken lines—but good goods—choiceness always a feature here.

When you see the styles and qualities, and let the goods prove what we say, you'll want to buy in your pocketbook's interest—and all who are buyers will get money's worth such as never before heard of.

It's worth prompt attention.

BOGGS & BUHL,

DEPARTMENT X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

1849-1899.

Of Dress Goods For Spring . . .

This week we ask your attention to some lines of

Spring Dress Goods.

Our invoices are arriving daily, both from our home manufacturers and from abroad. By way of preference to prices, we may say that dress goods of high quality promise to be much lower in price this season than a good many former seasons. Take the following as an example:

A special spring offering is an extra fine French Suiting, 45 inches wide and woven of variegated yarns. This is a beautiful effect for the entire dress or separate skirt, and the goods are especially adapted for young girls' dresses—school dresses in particular. The price of this suiting is

75 Cents a Yard.

We also have pleasure in asking your attention to a new line of Covert Suitings just in. They are 43 inches wide and embrace the new spring shades of blue, brown and reds. They are splendid value at 75c a yard, but we ask you to write for samples of them and freely criticize the goods, at

60 Cents a Yard.

A 45-inch Black Cashmere of exceptional good value—splendid for the skirt or the entire dress, a goods that can be made over any number of times and still retain its good looks, priced at

50 Cents a Yard.

Ask for samples.

PITTSBURG, PA.

REPORTED 197 KILLED.

Number of American Victims in the Fighting.

TWO FROM TENTH PENNSYLVANIA.

They Were Corporal Landis of Company C and Private Allen B. Rockwell. James Kessler Wounded—Additional List of Dead and Wounded Sent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—General Otis' report of casualties up to Tuesday aggregated 197. Of these 49 were officers and men killed and 148 wounded.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A dispatch from Manila, dated Feb. 7, addressed to the adjutant general, gave the following list of additional casualties: 10 dead and one wounded from the Tenth Pennsylvania being among them.

Killed: Battery A, Sergeant Harry A. Young, Corporal John G. Young, Private Wilhelm I. Goodman. Slightly wounded: Battery B, Corporal George B. Ward, Private Peter Anderson.

First Washington.

Wounded slightly: Captain Albert H. Otis, First Lieutenant Edward K. Irwin, Second Lieutenant Joe Smith, Quartermaster Sergeants Rufus B. Clark and Oliver Clancy.

Company A, Corporals Kendall Fellows, Charles F. Delago, John F. Mitchell, Fred W. Schander, James A. Timewell.

Company I, Corporal Miles M. McDougal.

Seriously wounded: Company A, Privates Joseph E. Dougherty, James F. Greik, John C. Kline, Richard H. McLean, Oscar Seward.

Company D, William C. Hepwood, Nicholas C. Polly.

Company E, Walter P. Fox.

Company G, George M. Duncan, William J. Kays.

Company I, Ernest H. A. Fischer.

Company L, John Pruitt.

Company M, Jesse H. Morgan.

Civilian J. B. Weatherby, cook.

Slightly wounded: Company A, Privates William E. Everett.

William R. Falt.

Otto H. Hoppe.

Albert W. Owen.

Frank Rivers.

B. Lawford L. Lawson.

Albert P. Pray.

Company C, Augustus Zeloder.

Company E, Herbert E. Osborn.

Company I, Mira Cusker, Rolla Proudfoot.

Company M, Joseph P. Bernier, Wesley Walton, Daniel E. Camp.

Company G, George McNeil, William J. Hayes.

Killed, Private Ralph E. Shearer.

First Idaho.

Wounded: Company C, Musician Frederick W. Beck, Private Fred H. Streeter, Howard Hallor, Thomas P. Burke.

B. John Switzens.

G. Will C. Payne.

B. Frank A. McCall.

H. James Hansen Flewis.

B. Bach G. Harrey, Rutherford Fred Shill.

B. William M. Keller, Quartermaster Sergeant Ernest Scott.

C. Private Payne, Piley Walton.

B. Robert Jones.

F. Enoch Koth.

G. Sidney Bailey.

Twenty-third Kansas.

Wounded: Company F, Privates Charles A. Hammond, Daniel Conway, William Nelson.

Company M, George M. Battersly.

First California.

Wounded: Company A, Corporal John Murphy.

Private John Slade.

Company F, William Hogue.

Company G, A. F. Shearer.

Company H, Sergeant William L. Wall, Privates David A. Cutting, Oscar H. Hemroth, William A. Rogers, Richard Jentzen; First Lieutenant Charles J. Hogan.

First Wyoming.

Killed: Company C, Sergeant George Rogers.

Wounded: Company C, Sergeant George W. Rogers, Private Roy Wieder.

Third Artillery.

Killed: Battery G, Corporal Dan.

Battery K, Sergeant Whittaker.

Wounded: Battery G, Private Albert J. Corbert.

Neimeyer.

Battery E, E. Clappitt, Sergeant William McQuado, Private Roscoe L. Mitchell.

Battery K, Andrew Johnson, George M. S. Schulerie, David Krieger, Homer E. Hawkins, Christ B. Ploger, John A. Gray, Second Lieutenant Robert S. Abernethy.

First Nebraska.

Wounded: Company C, First Sergeant Orren F. Curtis, Corporal Henry Epp, Musician James Pierce.

Company A, Corporal Harry L. Hull.

Company B, Private John L. Bronson.

Company F, Harry Brown.

Company I, William Madox.

Company K, Conrad Egan, Simon J. Simonson.

Company L, James P. McKinney.

Company M, Hugh Kenoyer, Howard L. Kerr.

Killed: Company L, Charles Ballanger.

Company I, Private Lewis Peglar, F. Egger.

Sixth Artillery.

Wounded: Battery D, Private Jesse G. Lowerberg.

Hospital Corps.

Wounded: Acting Hospital Steward Frank L. Hemstead.

Discharged Soldiers Still With Regiments.

Wounded: Isaac Russell, Battery A, Utah artillery.

George L. Clothier, Company B, First Nebraska.

Douglas L. Bridges, Company F, First Nebraska.

Emmett H. A. Fisher, unknown.

Tenth Pennsylvania.

TILLMAN SPOKE.

Declared the McKinley Resolution Meaningless—Lodge Replied to the South Carolinian.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—For two hours or more the senate had the resolution declaratory of a policy of this government in the Philippines under discussion, but no vote was reached and the resolution went finally to the calendar.

In accordance with notice given, Mr. Tillman (S. C.) addressed the senate upon the resolution. He maintained that a clear, explicit and direct resolution ought to be adopted and not one that was meaningless and inconsequential. He predicted that dire results would follow the ratification of the treaty unless the United States treated the Philippines with absolute firmness and gave them self-government.

Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) followed with a strong reply to Mr. Tillman, in which he stated clearly and directly the conditions as they confronted the United States in the Philippines.

The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up, but had not been completed when the senate adjourned.

BUILDING FOR ALTOONA.

Favorable Report For a Public Structure Made to the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A committee reported 18 bills for buildings in 35 states to the house, authorizing in the aggregate an expenditure of \$14,000,000. Little or no opposition developed and bills were favorably acted upon almost as rapidly as they could be read.

There was, however, more or less good natured chaffing throughout the session. As a result 40 bills, carrying or authorizing appropriations aggregating \$11,364,000, had been laid aside with favorable recommendations before adjournment was reached.

Among these was one of \$125,000 for Altoona, Pa.

NEW STEEL COMBINE.

Pennsylvania and Ohio Manufacturers In Proposed Deal.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The National Steel company is about to be incorporated in New Jersey, with a capitalization of \$50,000,000, equally divided as to preferred and common stock.

Reis, president of the Shenango Valley Steel company of New Castle, Pa., it is said, will be the National's first president. The merger will, it is asserted, be in the interest of the American lineplate company.

The National is said to take in the following plants:

Ohio Steel company of Youngstown.

O. King, Gilbert & Warner of Columbus.

Aetna Standard Iron and Steel company of Mingo Junction, O.

Shenango Valley Steel company of New Castle, Pa.

Buhl Steel company of Sharon, Pa.

Wheeling Steel and Iron company of Wheeling and the Bellaire steel company of Bellaire, O.

Filipino Started to Canada.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Juan Luna, private secretary of Secretary Lopez of the Filipino junta, in Washington, passed through this city on his way to join Agoncillo in Montreal.

Cabled Treaty to Otis.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The war department cabled General Otis the full text of the peace treaty and he will publish it as a proclamation.

PRIZE FOR THE VOLUNTEERS.

London Telegraph said They Appeared to Have Fought Like Regulars.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Daily Telegraph, commenting upon the fighting at Manila, said:

"It is quite clear that the Americans have given the Filipino rebels a very sound thrashing at a comparatively small cost to themselves. They have, for the time being at all events, placed Manila in safety until the reinforcements now enroute reach General Otis."

"Although the majority of the American soldiers at Manila were volunteers they appear to have fought with as much discipline and gallantry as their regular comrades could have exhibited."

Man and Wife Found Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Dr. Henry E. Keys of New York and his wife were found dead in their bedroom at the Ardley Casino at Ardley-on-the-Hudson. They had evidently been asphyxiated by gas from a stove in the room. There is no doubt that their death was accidental.

WIFE SENT SAD NEWS.

Her Husband, a Missionary, Murdered and Baby Also Lost.

FORT WAYNE, Feb. 8.—A letter was received in this city from Mrs. Susie Rijnhart, wife of the Rev. Peter Rijnhart, who was murdered by the tribesmen in Thibet. The letter encloses the diary of Rev. Rijnhart up to the time of his murder. Mrs. Rijnhart says: "I have lost husband, baby and all my belongings at one fell sweep. The letter was written from Ta Chien Lu."

Prominent Kansan Dead.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 8.—Colonel Moonlight, aged 67 years, died here. He was colonel of an artillery regiment during the civil war and was breveted brigadier general. He was appointed governor of Wyoming by President Cleveland during the latter's first term. During Cleveland's second term he was appointed minister to Bolivia.

ATTACKED IN A JUNGLE.

Reconnoitering Party Assailed by Filipinos.

OFFICER AND 2 PRIVATES KILLED.

Six More Were Wounded—Natives Driven Back by Reinforcements—Filipinos Terribly Cowed at Manila—Nebraskans Captured the Waterworks.

MANILA, Feb. 8.—(10 a. m.)—Lieutenant Alford (A. L. Ford?), Company I, Twentieth Kansas infantry, and a private of that company were killed and six other members of the regiment were wounded near Calocan last evening while reconnoitering. The party was in a jungle when it was attacked by the enemy.

Two companies of the Kansas regiment were sent to the relief of their comrades and drove the Filipinos into Calocan, penetrating to the very heart of the town. Meanwhile the gunboats shelled the suburbs.

General Otis finally recalled the troops, but the natives, misunderstanding the retreat, failed to take advantage of it. The outskirts of the town were burned.

MANILA, Feb. 8.—There were many indications that Manila was full of desperadoes who had intended to co-operate with Aguinaldo. The police are continually capturing men and women with weapons concealed in their clothing. The vigilance of the authorities in this respect is highly reassuring.

Last Saturday about midnight two Englishmen accidentally encountered a gang of armed natives in a dark side street.

The natives, fearing discovery, imprisoned them until morning and threatened to kill them unless they maintained silence.

Many native clerks, employed by mercantile houses, are missing. As it is impossible that they should have passed the lines, the inference is that they are in hiding in the city.

Several attempts were made to assassinate Americans on the streets, but that danger is now at a minimum. The natives are terribly cowed, and the precautions taken, especially against incendiaries, are admirable.

The rebels, who have been swept in every direction like pheasants in a battle, died by the hundreds in the trenches—for the most part passively, except the Ygorotes, who charged desperately and uselessly.

The rebel prisoners declared that their attack was unpremeditated, that the outposts fired and then everybody followed in accordance with a sort of general understanding.

General Hale's brigade advanced and took the waterworks at Sigalong. Four companies of the Nebraska regiment and a part of the Utah battery, with two field guns and two hotchkiss guns, met the enemy on the hill, a half mile out and a sharp engagement took place, in which the Nebraskans lost one dead and three wounded.

Dr. Young, formerly quartermaster sergeant in the third artillery, was wounded, captured and brutally murdered and his body when recovered was found to have been horribly mutilated.

General Overhine's brigade advanced and took Panagake, capturing two field guns. They met with no opposition.

General McArthur's division advanced beyond Gagalongin, without loss, the enemy retreating upon Calocan.

The Americans had the steam car line to Malabon and 600 marines, with four maxims, were landed from the fleet on the beach north of the city.

The third artillery on the main road and the Utah battery in a cemetery covered the advance of the Kansas troops.

Among the important positions captured was a strong embrasured earthwork within sight of Calocan.

There was considerable firing from the upper windows of the houses in the native quarter of the city, but no casualties were reported as the result.

A Filipino colonel came out from Calocan under a flag of truce. Several American officers promptly went to meet him, but when the parties met the Filipinos opened fire. The Filipino apologized for the barbarous conduct of his troops and returned to his lines.

The American troops were being promptly furnished with supplies of all kinds. Hospital attendance was supplied up to the firing line.

Artiller Hayes of Company I of the Colorado regiment discovered the missing parts of the pumping machinery of the waterworks buried in a coal pile at Sigalong's arm.

The machinery was in working order again, and the employees having promised to return to work, it was improbable that the unattended water famine would occur.

Aguinaldo's proclamation of Saturday said:

"I order and command:

"First—That peace and friendly relations with the Americans be broken and that the latter be treated as enemies, within the limits prescribed by the laws of war.

"Second—That the Americans captured be held as prisoners of war.

"Third—That this proclamation be communicated to the consuls and that congress order and accord a suspension of the constitutional guarantee, resulting from the declaration of war.

Aguinaldo's proclamation of Monday said the outbreak of hostilities was "unjustly and unexpectedly provoked by the Americans," refers to his manifesto of Jan. 8, publishing the alleged grievances of the Filipinos at the hands of the army of occupation, and the "constant outrages and taunts which have been causing misery to the Manilaans," and referred to the "useless conferences" and "contempt shown for the Filipino government," as proving a "premeditated transgression of justice and liberty."

The rebel leader also referred to the former losses of the Filipinos, but said "slavery is bitter" and called upon them to "sacrifice all upon the altar of honor and national integrity."

He insisted that he had tried to avoid, as far as possible, an armed conflict, but claimed that all his efforts "were useless before the unmeasured pride of the Americans," whom he charged as having treated him as a rebel "because I defended the interests of my country and would not become the instrument of their dastardly intentions."

Aguinaldo concluded with saying: "Be not discomfited. Our independence was watered freely by the blood of martyrs and more will be shed in the future to strengthen it. Remember that efforts are not to be wasted that ends may be gained. It is indispensable to adjust our actions to the rules of law and right and to learn to triumph over our enemies."

The Americans were in complete control of the situation within a radius of nine miles of Manila, their lines extending to Malabon on the north and to Marikina on the south are fully 20 miles long.

While a few detached bodies of the enemy still offered desultory opposition, the main body of the rebels was in full retreat and utterly routed.

Of the hundreds of troops originally drawn up in battle array against the Americans fully one third were already incapacitated and the others were scattered in every direction.

The terrible loss of the rebels may be gathered from the fact that 100 of them were buried in a narrow field on Monday, near Pasas, and that 87 were interred between Paco and Santa Ana.

A converted river gunboat did terrible execution among the rebels, sweeping both banks of the river with her galling guns and her heavier battery, hundreds of Filipinos likely crawled into the caecobricks and died there.

The Americans were working nobly in their efforts to find the wounded and are bringing hundreds of suffering rebels to the hospitals for treatment. The natives were unable to understand the humane motives which prompted the victors to succor the wounded of the enemy.

The correspondent of The Associated Press was informed that members of the hospital corps discovered that there were several women in male dress and with hair cropped among the dead.

The chief of the Ygorotes, the Filipino natives who fought so gallantly in the face of our artillery fire with their bows and arrows, was in a hospital with a shattered thigh. He admitted that he never saw modern artillery and was ignorant of its effects until he and his followers met the disastrous fire of Sunday morning. The chief was bitterly incensed against the Tagalos for placing the Ygorotes in front of the American battery under the pretense that they were sent to occupy a post of honor and he intimated that the Ygorotes would avenge this treachery when the survivors returned north.

White flags in the nature of towels, pillows, slips and aprons tied to bamboo adorned the windows of some of the native residences. But, in spite of these emblems of peace, some Filipinos, under the cover of the darkness, fired from these same windows on the American patrols.

A VIGOROUS DENIAL.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
50 N. Erie Street, -- MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1888.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1888.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 60.
FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bam-
merlin's Cigar Stand Hotel (Conrad),
and Bert Hankin's News stand in
North Main street.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1899.

The London Outlook points out one American duty strongly and plainly when it says: "To leave the Philippines derelict now would be to let hell loose upon the world. America herself made Mr. McKinley President and must herself bear the consequences of his acts and the heavy but ennobling responsibility for good government in the lands over which she has hoisted the Stars and Stripes."

The details of the first full calendar year of the Dingley tariff just completed by the bureau of statistics show the smallest importation in twenty years, with the single exception of the year 1885. The total imports for the year are \$684,958,229. This is \$100,000,000 less than the imports of 1897, and \$200,000,000 less than those of 1892. "With large importations of manufacturers' materials, and small importations of manufactured goods," says the American Economist, "it is apparent that those engaged in their production must have found constant occupation."

The treacherous and cowardly character of the Filipino troops was plainly evinced by their flight while American and Filipino officers were conferring under a flag of truce. It is apparent, too, that the intention was to massacre the Americans in a night attack, a method frequently and successfully pursued against the Spanish troops. In this instance the Filipinos did not weigh the difference between the morale and discipline of the American and Spanish soldiers, and this difference resulted in thousands of them losing their lives in a hopeless cause. Aguinaldo seems not to have risked his precious life with his troops, and is still able and willing to make further trouble.

The action of Senator Hoar in opposing the ratification of the peace treaty is spoken of with some small degree of tolerance because of his age and the belief that he acted altogether from conviction. From Mr. Hale, however, there will be required many explanations and apologies before he is restored to his former standing. Senator Hale voted "no" when it was thought that his vote was needed to ratify the treaty. McHenry, of Louisiana, McLaurin, of South Carolina, and Jones of Nevada, whose votes saved the day, not having been reached in the roll call when he responded negatively with the full knowledge that in doing so he might make ratification impossible. In Maine the feeling was very strong for ratification and had the treaty failed of passage, the antagonism to Mr. Hale would have been great and he doubtless would have been required to resign his seat in the Senate.

The peace treaty has been ratified. As at other times in the history of the nation when an important crisis has been pending, and when the honor of the country has been at stake, the common sense of the people has triumphed and the voice of public opinion has proved strong enough to defeat the traitorous endeavors of a clique of demagogic statesmen. The men who have employed every means in their power to bring about the rejection of the treaty, and who have extended moral and material encouragement to the rebellious natives of the Philippines, have gained nothing but the condemnation of their fellow countrymen, by whom they are held responsible for the loss of American lives caused by their dilatory tactics. But if the conspirators at Washington have learned a lesson which should warn them against any future attempts against the honor of the nation, the outbreak at Manila has given Aguinaldo and his followers an opportunity of learning the difference in the fighting qualities of Spanish and American troops. The enlightenment in both cases has been great, although gained at a terrible sacrifice.

A TRIBUTE TO THE PRESIDENT.

The day should not pass without the expression of a fitting tribute to William McKinley. All American citizens must applaud the unflinching faithfulness with which he has looked to their interests in the East. No denunciation of the policy of expansion, or opposition to the treaty with Spain, has checked the President in providing reinforcements to protect our forces in the Philippines and the flag they have raised there. He has guarded the United States against military defeat and political humiliation. While war has kept back the moment for settling the Philippines' future, if the President has had a doubt as to the wisdom of making them our own, he has given his country the benefit of it, like a statesman and a patriot.

What the President's conclusions are upon this subject we do not know, but from our observation of his conduct of his office, we feel justified in making a

prediction: The United States forces will be withdrawn from the Philippines when Congress so orders; and not before.—New York Sun.

THE RECORD OF 1898.

For anyone who doubts that 1898 was a prosperous year, the following concise statement of the record in the various lines of business that are fundamental and indicative of commercial activity should be convincing. The comparison, prepared by the Pioneer Press of St. Paul, in every instance refers to the United States alone.

Largest wheat crop except that of 1891.

Highest price recorded for wheat except in 1888.

Largest cotton crop.

Largest exports of breadstuffs.

Largest exports of manufactured goods.

Largest aggregate exports of produce and merchandise.

Largest production of iron ore.

Largest production of pig iron.

Largest production of coal.

Largest production of copper.

Largest production of silver except that of 1892.

Largest production of gold.

Largest gold holdings.

Largest per capita circulation of all forms of money.

Largest aggregate bank clearings.

Largest aggregate railroad earnings.

Largest aggregate sales of bonds.

Largest aggregate sales of stocks on New York Stock Exchange since 1882.

Smallest number of failures and smallest aggregate liabilities since 1892.

By courtesy of the S. S. McClure Company THE INDEPENDENT is enabled to publish the following poem by Rudyard Kipling, which appears in McClure's Magazine for February.

THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

Take up the White Man's burden—

Send forth the best ye breed—

Go, bind your sons to exile

To serve your captives' need;

To wait, in heavy harness,

On fluttered and wild—

Your new-caught sullen peoples,

Half devil and half child.

Take up the White Man's burden—

In patience to abide,

To veil the threat of terror

And check the show of pride;

By open speech and simple,

An hundred times made plain,

To seek another's profit

And work another's gain.

Take up the White Man's burden—

The savage wars of peace—

Fill full the mouth of Famine—

And bid the sickness cease,

And when your goal is nearest

(The end for others sought)

Watch sloth and heathen folly

Bring all your hope to nought.

Take up the White Man's burden—

No iron rule of kings,

But toil of serf and sweeper—

The tale of common things.

The ports ye shall not enter,

The roads ye shall not tread,

Go, make them with your living

And mark them with your dead.

Take up the White Man's burden,

And reap his white reward—

The blame of those ye better,

The hate of those ye guard—

The cry of hosts ye humour

(Ah, slowly!) toward the light—

"Why brought ye us from bondage,

Our loved Egyptian night?"

Take up the White Man's burden—

Ye dare not stoop to less—

Nor call too loud on Freedom

To cloke your weariness,

By all ye will or whisper,

By all ye leave or do,

The silent sullen peoples

Shall weigh your God and you.

Take up the White Man's burden!

Have done with childish days—

The lightly-proffered laurel,

The easy, ungrudging praise

Comes now, to search your manhood

Through all the thankless years,

Cold, edged with dear-bought wisdom,

The judgment of your peers.

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Found with His Throat Cut.

ALLIANCE, Feb. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Joseph Kirkbridge, a wealthy oacheler living at North Benton, Portage county, was found dead in his house early today, with his throat cut from ear to ear. From an investigation of the body and surroundings it is believed he committed suicide.

Young children, to avoid marasmus, scrofula, or rickets, and develop healthy tissues, bones and teeth, need fats and hypophosphites. Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, Prof. Materia Medica and Therapeutics, in the University of New York, asserts that Cod-liver Oil is the best fat for the purpose.

Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil partly digested and combined with hypophosphites, it gives children material for rich blood, solid flesh, bones and teeth.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

EXCITEMENT KILLS TWO

Riches and Death Come Hand-in-Hand to Scio.

ONE HAD MASSILLON RELATIVES.

John Coleman, the Storekeeper, Who Died Suddenly Monday Afternoon, Was a Cousin of R. L. Coleman, of Massillon—William Woods Dead—Latest News from Scio.

Scio, Feb. 7.—John Coleman and William Woods, prominent citizens of this place, have died of heart disease. Mr. Coleman was the keeper of the village grocery, which, since the oil boom came, has enjoyed a trade that was fast making its owner a rich man over and over, and when the final summons came he was seated in his little store discussing the situation with a few friends. The latter had just congratulated Mr. Coleman for the hundredth time on his good fortune and expressed the hope that their time was near at hand. Mr. Coleman had smiled and said he hoped so, too. Then he sunk back in a chair and said no more. He was dead when his companions reached his side. Mr. Coleman was 60 years of age, and leaves a family. He was a cousin of R. L. Coleman, of Massillon.

The death of Mr. Woods occurred the day before. The deceased had some property in and near the village. He lived quietly and humbly all his life. News came that oil had been discovered in paying quantities under his land and that if the supply held out he would be more than a wealthy man in a year. Mr. Woods was wildly joyful for a few minutes; in his mind he saw all of his property cleared of incumbrance and his family well provided for when he should be gone. But he was not to live to fully realize this, for a moment later he was breathing his last, with his children gathered about him, vainly striving to do something for his relief.

The sixtieth well was shot at 5 o'clock Monday evening. The flow here, as at all other wells, was satisfactory. The biggest gusher is on the farm of John Spiker; it yields 150 barrels a day. At the present time practically all of the wells are within Scio's corporate limits. There seems to be one in every back yard. Various companies, however, have leased the surrounding territory, and the drilling is now in progress. Several dusters, or dry holes, have been put down, outside of town, but every well sunk in the village has produced oil. Some of them are only pumping eight or ten barrels a day, it is true, but these are the exceptions. The majority are good for seventy-five barrels each at least, and many produce a hundred and more. The Spiker well is said to have started at the rate of thirty barrels an hour. A few of these wells—those situated along the creek in the lowest portion of the valley—are but 970 feet deep. Those on the hillsides are from 1,150 to 1,300. A few on the summits of the hills are said to be 1,400 feet deep. The quality of Scio oil is unexcelled. The terms of most of the leases are that one-eighth of the output of the well is to go to the person on whose land it is. This is entirely without expense to the owner of the land. There are many people in Scio who are sitting at home drawing six or seven dollars a day without so much as turning a hand.

But the real fortune makers are the companies which operate the wells, and, some say, the hotel and restaurant keepers. There are nearly a thousand strangers in Scio. They all take their meals in the town, but for sleeping accommodations it is necessary for them to take an evening train over to Leesville, Bowdler or one of the numerous other towns in the vicinity. Special trains are run over the Pan-Handle, and hundreds travel to and from Pittsburg every night and morning. A good meal can be gotten in a restaurant for twenty-five cents. At the hotel it is fifty cents. Unless one is extremely lucky, lodging is out of the question. Every person who possibly can has converted his home into a boarding house, and all there are not nearly enough to afford shelter for all. "Watch your chance and get a chair in one of the restaurants," was the advice given one man who asked where he could find lodgings the other night.

Each well's boiler room has as many regular tenants as it can hold. It is not a bed of down and there is no lack of soot and dust, but it is better than the best doorway in the town.

To Be Prepared

For war is the surest way for this nation to maintain peace. That is the opinion of the wisest statesmen. It is equally true that to be prepared for spring is the best way to avoid the peculiar dangers of the season. This is a lesson multitudes are learning, and at this time, when the blood is sure to be loaded with impurities and to be weak and sluggish, the millions begin to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood, expels all disease germs, creates a good appetite, gives strength and energy, and puts the whole system in a healthy condition, preventing pneumonia, fevers, and other dangerous diseases which are liable to attack a weakened system.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Feb. 7, 1899:

LADIES.

Ayres, Miss Johnston, Miss D. H.

Jones, Miss Lizzie Warner, Mrs. D. M.

MEN.

Halloran, Michael Smith, John

Rill, Dick Wagner, Geo.

Rinehart, Milton

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Herman R. Hintz

Dealer in leather and findings; cut

soles and taps and all kinds of shoemaker's supplies. No. 21 West Main street,

Massillon, O.

MARRIED TUESDAY MORNING.

Nuptials of Peter L. Harrington and Miss Catherine McBride.

Peter L. Harrington and Miss Catherine McBride were married in St. Joseph's church at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning by the Rev. J. F. Kuebler. M. J. Buckley, of Canton, was the groom's best man, and Miss Amelia Hinderer, of Massillon, was the bridesmaid. The ushers were Clarence Royer, of Massillon, and August Effinger, of Canton. The bride was beautiful in a traveling gown of brown broadcloth, and the bridesmaid in green broadcloth, was scarcely less charming. A choir composed of the Misses Kuhn, Ertle, Goehler, McBride and Messrs. Tordt, Stelling, Ess and Snyder sang McIlhird's mass, the accompaniment being Joseph J. Jurgens. The "Ave Maria" was sung by Miss Lida McBride, sister of the bride. The wedding march, Lohengrin's, was played by Miss Graham.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrington were driven to the home of the bride's father, John McBride, in East Tremont street, immediately after the ceremony, and left on the 1:10 o'clock Pennsylvania train for the East. Before returning to Massillon, Mr. and Mrs. Harrington will spend a few days with the former's parents in East Palestine. Arriving here, they will take up their residence in West Tremont street. Mr. Harrington is one of the Pennsylvania Company's local telegraphers.

The out-of-town guests present at the wedding were, the Misses Kathryn and Helen Harrington and P. F. Raffner, of East Palestine; Mrs. Effinger, August Effinger and J. M. Buckley, of Canton; the Misses Murphy and Buckley, of Wooster; Mr. and Mrs. J. Hennessey and Miss Anna Hennessey, of Leetonia, and F. E. Buckley, of Pittsburg. John McBride, father of the bride, whose business requires his presence in Columbus the greater part of the time, arrived in Massillon a day or two ago. He will remain with his family in this city for a short time.

THE FAIRMOUNT HOME.

The Management of the Institution Severely Criticized.

The Alliance Review says that for some time past a number of persons living in the vicinity of the Fairmount Children's Home have been more or less active in circulating a petition criticizing the management of the institution, and asking that a change be made. It is charged that by reason of mismanagement the farm, which should be a source of profit, is really a burden, the outlay upon it exceeding the value of the various crops gathered from it. The matter has gone so far that on Saturday certain parties were canvassing among the business men of Alliance, endeavoring to secure signers to the petition, calling the attention of the trustees of the Home to the matter.

As to the charges, the Review makes the following statement: "It should be said that no charges whatever—save the general one of extravagance—have been or now are made against the inside administration of the Home, nor has there been the least criticism of the matron or her management. It is conceded that the children have been well cared for as to their mental, moral and physical welfare. Whatever may be the facts in the case, whether the criticisms of the farm management are well founded or not, we are sure that the matter may safely be left to the judgment of the trustees. They are gentlemen of the highest character, who have at heart only the good of the institution and the homeless little ones committed to their charge."

To Unite the Two Towns.

There is said to be a quiet plan on foot to unite Canal Dover and New Philadelphia under one corporation. There is little doubt that such an issue would have been brought about long before this had it not been for the spirited rivalry which has existed between the two towns for so many years. The spirit of competition has been most intense on the part of the older heads. The large number of younger business men, however, figure that the alliance of the two cities would bring benefits which could not otherwise be realized by either for many years.

Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee. It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it, and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15 and 25c.

Home Seekers' Cheap Excursions to the North and Northwest.

On February 21, March 7 and 21, the Northwestern Line (Chicago & Northwestern R'y) will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets at exceptionally low rates to a large number of points in Northern Wisconsin, Michigan, Northwestern Iowa, Western Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota, including the famous Black Hills district. Better own a farm! Start now! Apply to nearest ticket agent or address W. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio, or W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. Presson. Pressonville, Kan., writes Jan. 25th 1899. Ship order at once, only have one bottle left.

"Nothing like Foley's Honey and Tar" is the universal verdict of all who have used it. Especially has this been true of coughs accompanying and succeeding la grippe. Not a single bottle failed to give almost immediate relief. Everybody recommends it.—Rider & Snyder.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in Chicago

Higgin Bros., the popular and well-known druggists, corner 69th-st. and North-west-av., say: "We sell a great deal of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and find that it gives the most satisfactory results, especially among children for severe colds and croup." For sale by Z. T. Baltzy, Opera block, and Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

James Sullivan Convicted of Highway Robbery Today.

JURY OUT JUST THIRTY MINUTES.

A Penitentiary Sentence Now Awaits the Prisoner—His Second Trip to Columbus—Robert Gibson's Trial Set for Tuesday—May Plead Guilty.

CANTON, Feb. 7.—The trial of James Sullivan for highway robbery began before Judge McCarty Monday afternoon and at 9:30 o'clock this morning the jury returned a verdict of "guilty as charged in the indictment." Sullivan was in court in the custody of the turnkey when the verdict was read, and the jury was out but thirty minutes. Sullivan is one of the prisoners who escaped from jail with Frank Siler and James Campbell, of Massillon, and was re-captured at Ashland last Wednesday. He has already served a term in the penitentiary for housebreaking, and was arrested on the present charge shortly after his release, having knocked down and robbed a man of \$22.50 in the Pennsylvania railway yards in Canton. He will be sentenced later.

Robert Gibson, colored, who was indicted for criminal assault, will be tried on Thursday of this week. Gibson has been advised to plead guilty and may consent to do so. He has no witnesses and there are many to testify against him.

Frank Siler and James Campbell, of Massillon, recently convicted of burglary and larceny, began their duties in the State reformatory today. They were taken to Mansfield with others receiving reformatory sentences Monday afternoon. They will probably be released after a year, providing their behavior is good.

President Wernitz and others of the board of elections recently appointed by Mayor Rice, met last night and decided to bring quo warranto proceedings in supreme court at once, the object being to oust the old county board. The petition drawn by Mr. Wernitz was approved and will probably be filed today. The action is based on a recent decision that the mayor, instead of the attorney general, has power to appoint the board, and that its members shall be residents of the county seat instead of the county at large.

The directors of the Stark county workhouse held their quarterly meeting at the institution this afternoon. Bills were paid and the superintendent's quarterly report approved. H. W. Loeffler, of Massillon, is a member of the board.

A final account has been filed in the estate of Franklin Y. Erb, of Tuscarawas township. A final account has been filed in the estate of Louisa Miller, of Canton. Andrew and Peter Ertle have been appointed administrators, with the will annexed, in the estate of Barbara Ertle, of Massillon.

CANTON, Feb. 6.—Nat. C. McLean, a prominent member of the Stark county bar, died at 9 o'clock this morning of pneumonia, after a brief illness. His condition was not considered serious and his sudden demise was a sad shock to his friends and fellow members of the bar. The news reached the court house shortly after death occurred, but it was some time before it was confirmed. He was respected by all who knew him, and had been in active practice since 1880. Previous to that time he was connected with the Aultman Company, of Canton. Mr. McLean's wife preceded him in death by several years, but he leaves a family of grown children. He was about 55 years of age. The Stark county bar association will meet, probably Tuesday, to arrange for attending the funeral.

A mass meeting of citizens was held at the First M. E. church, in Canton, on Sunday afternoon, at which strong sentiment was expressed against seating Brigham Roberts, Utah's polygamist congressman-elect, in Congress. A speech was made by President Lockwood, of Mt. Union College, who stated that Mr. Roberts should be admitted to Congress and then unseated. A letter from Governor Wells, of Utah, was read, and it stated that Mr. Roberts's election was a colossal mistake. Resolutions were then adopted portraying Mr. Roberts as being legally incapacitated and morally unfit for a seat in congress. The resolutions are to be forwarded to Congressman R. W. Taylor, with instructions to present them to Congress.

The Congress Lake Club Company has sued O. F. Fansue to recover \$318 with interest at the rate of seven per cent. from November 22, 1895. The sum is alleged to be due on a promissory note.

Barney Past has been appointed administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Abele, of Jackson township.

A marriage license has been granted to Fred Stark and Mary Engle, of West Brookfield.

Notice.

Your dead live again and would return to cheer and help would you but open the way. For instruction on spirit return subscribe for the Light of Truth, published weekly at Columbus, O. Christians and Spiritualists alike pronounce it the best journal in the world for the money. Price, \$1 per year.

If you have catarrh, don't dally with local remedies, but purify and enrich your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

GRIP'S GRASP.

Fastens Its Deadly Clutch Upon Millions.

From East to West, North to South—Everywhere. Evidence of Its Presence is Plainly Apparent—Phantom-like It Swoops Down Upon Its Victims, to Some It Deals Death, to Others Something Worse—Shattered and Wrecked Nervous Systems.

LaGrippe is a much more dangerous disease than many have been led to suppose. In its first stages it will yield to proper treatment as readily as any ordinary disorder, but owing to its infectious character, innumerable microbes are deposited and its development into many serious complications is exceedingly rapid and destructive. It leaves the nervous system shattered and wrecked; saps the vitality and renders its victims easy prey to pneumonia, nervous prostration, heart disease, insanity, etc., which invariably prove fatal later on.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is the grip's most formidable foe—it robs it of its terrors. It goes to the root of the disease and promptly drives it out. It builds up worn out tissues and fortifies the system against all depressing after effects.

Mr. J. M. Allison, 54 Tacoma Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "A severe attack of LaGrippe shattered my nervous system with such severity that at times I felt that I would go insane. I could not sleep, was restless, and my condition was deplorable. I began to think that my case was hopeless, but hearing of Dr. Miles' Nervine I concluded to try it, and now I am satisfied that it saved my life. It brought me sleep and rest, steadied my nerves and promptly restored my health. I have never experienced any after effects and to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine I owe my present good health."

All druggists are authorized to sell Dr. Miles' Remedies on a guarantee that first bottle will benefit or money refunded. Be sure you get Dr. Miles' Remedies. Take nothing else. Write us about your troubles and ailments and we will give you the honest advice of a trained specialist absolutely free. Book on nerves and heart sent free.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

PAVED STREETS FOR ORRVILLE.

Three Petitions Presented to the City Council This Week.

ORRVILLE, Feb. 8.—Last night the council met in regular session, all members being present and Mayor Fiscus presiding. Three petitions were presented for paving Main street from the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railway on the north to the top of the hill in South Main street, a distance of nearly

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. Thomas B. Davies is visiting Cleveland relatives.

A curfew ordinance is under discussion by the Akron city council.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Snyder left today for Albion, Mich., to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Killinger, of Jackson township, spent Saturday in Massillon.

Mrs. Daniel Kitchen and daughter are the guests of Mrs. W. K. Sladden in Cleveland.

The advance sale for the next lecture course entertainment opens at Bahney's on Saturday, February 11, at 8 a. m.

The Clay block in West Main street, recently purchased by Humber Bros., will be improved by the addition of a brown stone front.

The Brighton Company, of Millersburg, has just closed another contract for ten tons of shafting with a firm at Birmingham, England.

A. E. Dauchy, of East Main street, who has been confined to his home for three weeks with the grip and pneumonia, is out again on the streets.

John Evans and son, of East Greenville, passed through Massillon on their way to Bay City, Mich., where they have secured employment in the mines.

Thomas J. Thomas, of East Greenville, asks this paper to announce that an oyster supper will be held in the Congregational church at that place on February 18.

John Rebbau, of Warren, has sued the Mahoning Valley Electric Railway Company for \$10,000 damages for the death of his wife. She was recently struck by a car.

Youngstown stone masons have demanded forty-two cents per hour, eight hours' work on Saturday and full pay for it. They now receive thirty-nine cents an hour.

Miss Alice Laviers, who was recently called to this city by the illness of her father, Thomas Laviers, has returned to Cleveland. Mr. Laviers' health is much improved.

Miss Lottie Kay of Massillon, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rosenberg. Lawrence O'Toole of Massillon, was the guest of Miss Erma Seifert over Sunday. Alliance Leader.

A sleighing party was given for the young ladies of the Farmers' Telephone exchange, Tuesday evening. The home of Mr. and Mrs. John Blank, in Canal Fulton, was visited.

The Ministerial Association of Akron denies the published stories that it has given up the fight against the saloons, and declares it is about to accomplish its most effective work.

The funeral of John Blatz took place from St. John's church at 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. Members of the Protected Home Circle attended the funeral in a body.

Mayor Roebuck, of Dalton, who is in Massillon today, says that the people of his town stand ready to do everything in their power to further a project that will bring them electric line connections with Massillon.

Major General Otis, now in command of the American forces in the Philippines, was at one time employed as a school teacher in Medina county, and for many years has visited among his old pupils at intervals in his army life.

The route of the proposed new Alliance-Akron street railway is thirty-three miles long, and passes through a rich farming country. The project is greatly favored by the property holders, who are aiding in every possible way.

The Dalton correspondent of the Wooster Republican says: "Frank, Maud and Minnie Braugher, of near Massillon, are visiting relatives here before leaving with their parents for Nebraska, where they expect to make their home in the future."

Dr. Robinson Bell, of Toledo, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bell, of this city, has returned to Toledo. Dr. Bell was called to Massillon to consult with Dr. Humphrey concerning an operation soon to be performed upon one of the latter's patients.

The Massillon Oratorio Society of thirty voices, with orchestral accompaniment, will give a concert in the Presbyterian church on Monday, February 13. The doors will open at 7:30 and the concert will begin at 8 o'clock. Admission twenty-five cents.

Poison laid in a cellar at Bucyrus to exterminate rats was dragged by them over a lot of apples. Loren Hamen bought some of the fruit, the eating of which made his whole family sick. One child, aged 5 years, died in great agony. Other purchasers of the apples are suffering.

Hart Post, G. A. R., will celebrate Lincoln's birthday on the evening of February 13. An interesting programme has been prepared for the occasion, including addresses by Prof. E. A. Jones, N. E. Moffit, J. C. Haring, R. A. Pinn and Peter Sebaries. A general invitation to attend will be extended to all ex-soldiers and their families.

News has reached Massillon of the death of Mrs. Lawrence Kefower, in Kentucky. The Kefowers formerly lived in Massillon, where they attracted much attention by their peculiar actions and were commonly known as "Pa" and "Ma" Kefower. Last spring they departed in a dilapidated covered wagon in search of fame and fortune, and were unheard of until the present time.

Lee Mistlethorne, an account of whose mysterious disappearance and arrest at Akron, appeared in Sunday's paper, was brought to Massillon on Sunday. When arrested in Akron, he told the police that he had come there to join

the "Jolly Lot Company." The property man of the show had him in charge on his way back to Massillon, the company being obliged to pass through this city on Sunday.

The East End Euchre club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Snyder Tuesday night at their Third street home. The prizes were secured by H. C. Penning and Mrs. Frank Schworm. Mrs. Martin Brenner receiving the consolation award. A sumptuous luncheon was served.

Reeves Bros., of Alliance, manufacturers of boilers and tanks, on Tuesday made a six-car shipment to Alcatraz, Cal. It consisted of stills, tanks and cooling kettles for the big oil and asphaltum refineries at that place. This was the first shipment of the order received from there and several more will have to be made to fill it. The goods went to New Orleans whence they will be shipped over the Southern Pacific.

The gravel pit just below Oak Knoll is at present the abode of a man and wife and their several small children, and it is a scene of great suffering. The people are both cold and hungry. They arrived in Massillon in a prairie schooner, in which they came all the way from Nebraska, their destination being Youngstown. One of their horses died here, and, being without means they are unable to procure another. They live in their covered wagon. The pit offers some protection from the snow and wind, but it has not kept them warm during the rigorous weather of the past few days. They have appealed to the people in the neighborhood for aid, and contributions of money and clothing are being made.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. MARY HURLBERT.

Mrs. Mary Hurlbert, a former resident of this city, died at Marshall, Mich., on February 2. Mrs. Hurlbert will be remembered in this city as Miss Mary Plumb, a niece of the late James Bayless. She was a student at the Massillon Union school from 1851 to 1854.

MRS. NICHOLAS BAMBERGER.

Mrs. Nicholas Bamberger died at her home, in North Erie street, at 8:20 Monday evening, aged 81 years. Mrs. Bamberger was born in Germany, and came from there to this city about fifty years ago. She is survived by four children—Mrs. Michael Rohr and Mrs. William Snook, of Wooster, and Joseph and Elizabeth Bamberger, of this city. The funeral will be held at St. Mary's Catholic church at 9 o'clock, sun time, Wednesday morning.

A WEEK OF STREET FAIR.

Association Decides to Open This Year's on September 4.

The Massillon Business Men's Street Fair Association was reorganized Tuesday evening, with Mayor J. W. Wise, president; W. A. Pietzcker, vice president; F. R. Shepley, financial secretary; H. F. Pocock, corresponding secretary; H. C. Diehlmann, treasurer. The president appointed H. V. Kramer, W. B. Martin, F. A. Vogt and William Pietzcker a committee to name the members of the standing committees on amusements, construction, soliciting, etc., and to report at the next meeting. It was decided that the fair should be held during the week commencing September 4. The fair will be conducted on the same plan as last year, but on a much larger scale. The suggestion that an admission fee be charged at the main entrance was not discussed at the meeting. That is a matter which will be decided later. By-laws were adopted, all the recommendations made by the committee, Messrs. Vogt, Pietzcker and Fox, being accepted with but few changes.

A PLEA OF GUILTY.

It is Entered Before United States Commissioner Folger.

Claybourne Alexander, an aged negro, who was arrested at Akron last week for falsely swearing that he was entitled to a pension, was taken before United States Commissioner R. H. Folger in Massillon at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon for hearing. Alexander pleaded guilty to the charge, and was remanded to the Cuyahoga county jail to await the action of the federal grand jury, which will convene on April 1. Alexander, who is also known by the name of George Johnson, says he formerly lived in Hanover county, Va., where he was captain of a colored Republican club. He also claims that he was not aware that he was committing a crime in applying for a pension, as he was acting under the advice of a Wadsworth, O., lawyer. The latter, Alexander says, induced him to sign the application and agreed to divide all money received in consequence. Alexander gave the name of the attorney, but as the latter has since died his name is withheld by the authorities. United States Deputy Marshal Keeley had charge of the prisoner.

Funeral of Mrs. Klingel.

JUSTUS, Feb. 8.—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Klingel, widow of Daniel Klingel, took place on Monday. Mrs. Klingel died on Saturday. She was 68 years of age.

An Advance in Price.

BELLAIR, O., Feb. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Manufacturers here will advance the price of enamel ware after the 15th inst., and will send out no second class goods, all of which will be destroyed.

KEEPS IT ALL THE TIME

Friends and Neighbors Are Made to Know Its Value.

OXFORD, OHIO.—"I had a great many boils and began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify my blood. Since taking two bottles I have had no more boils and I keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house all the time. My husband takes it and we believe it to be the best medicine on earth. We praise it among our friends and neighbors." MRS. FRANK HANSEL.

—cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c

AGUINALDO IS SORRY.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Aguinaldo has wired the Filipino junta at Montreal. He deprecates the outbreak of hostilities, which he says had the effect of securing the ratification of the treaty of peace. He declares that the fighting was provoked by the Americans, and that the insurgents were completely surprised and wholly unprepared.

INSURGENTS WHIPPED.

Men Are Leaving the Army by Thousands.

AGUINALDO IS READY TO QUIT.

The Insurgents Expected a General Uprising in the City of Manila—The Fighting and Tactics of the Americans a Revelation to the Natives.

[By Associated Press (The Independent).]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A dispatch from General Otis to the war department says that matters near Manila are rapidly improving. A reconnaissance was made in force to the south yesterday, which drove back straggling bands of insurgents. The native army is disintegrated, and the men, by thousands, are returning to their homes, displaying white flags. At Calocan the enemy made a stand behind intrenchments, but were charged by the Second Kansas and routed with great loss. The Americans lost but one killed and six wounded.

Aguinaldo's influence is destroyed, and he has applied for a cessation of hostilities and a conference, to which no answer has yet been made. The insurgents confidently expected a general uprising of the natives in Manila, and this was doubtless prevented only by the prompt and decisive action of the provost marshal. The Filipinos in the city are now very respectful and appear quite cheerful. The fighting of the Americans, as well as their methods, proved a revelation to the insurgents, differing, as it did, so greatly from the movements of the Spanish troops.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT.

The Administration will Conduct an Aggressive Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—[By Associated Press]—A forward movement is probable at Iloilo, near where General Miller has been for weeks. He has never had any doubt of his ability to take the place whenever he got the word, but there has been a restraining influence from Washington, based in part on the hope that the insurgents could be brought to a peaceful retirement from the town, and an apprehension that an effort to force a landing at or near the city might result in serious injury to foreign interests. Now, however, it is felt that the latter are more in jeopardy from a continuance of the existing state of affairs than they would be through a rapid seizure of the town. General Miller had with him the Eighteenth infantry and a battalion of artillery and it is likely that he will be strongly reinforced before the attempt is made to take Iloilo.

Naturally there was a great deal of speculation as to the future conduct of affairs by Otis, but to some extent this must remain a matter of speculation, inasmuch as Secretary Alger has said that the general is to be left to follow his own discretion. It may be that Admiral Dewey's act in seizing a vessel loaded with arms and ammunition intended for them incited the Philippine insurgents to attack the American soldiers Saturday night, for it was understood that one of the bitterest of their grievances was what they declared to be interference with their shipping. It was learned at the navy department that about a week ago the admiral caused the seizure of the schooner Tapeng with a full supply of such arms for the insurgents. The admiral's report declared the fact that an American and not a German owned the vessel thus being used to arm the insurgents against Otis's troops.

Very Cold in the Northwest.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—[By Associated Press]—The temperature is twelve below today, with a prospect of fifteen below tonight. The cold wave shows no diminution of energy in the northwest. At St. Paul it is twenty-five below. At Bismarck thirty-six, and at Wollston N. D. forty below.

Cure for La Grippe.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals the lungs and cures the racking cough usual to La Grippe and prevents pneumonia. It is guaranteed. 25c and 50c. Rider & Snyder.

JAIL BREAKERS CAUGHT.

A Second Attempt in Canton Thwarted Tuesday Night.

NINE PRISONERS WERE INVOLVED.

Falling Glass Warns the Officers in Time to Prevent the Escape—Robert Gibson Pleads Guilty and is Sentenced for Ten Years—Sullivan and Doss.

CANTON, Feb. 8.—A second attempt at wholesale jail delivery was made at the Stark county prison Tuesday night. The efforts were unsuccessful this time, however, the carefully laid plans being thwarted by the accidental breaking of a pane of glass. James Sullivan, who escaped last week with Frank Siler, James Campbell and others, and later was recaptured, is responsible for the attempt last night. Sullivan is a desperate character, with a long sentence pending, and is capable of any effort to effect an escape. The break for liberty was made shortly after supper and while all the prisoners, nine in number, had the freedom of the corridor.

Deputy Sheriff Crubaugh was seated at his desk in the court house when the falling of glass in the direction of the jail attracted his attention. He immediately communicated with Turnkey Doll and a hurried investigation was made. The prisoners were in their accustomed places, but in the rear of the cell formerly occupied by Sullivan a hole had been sawed through the bars sufficiently large to permit the passage of a man's body. The aperture was hidden by a coat and the sawing had been completed Sunday night, for Monday afternoon Sullivan was transferred to another cell and the one he had occupied was given to Elmer Decker, received that day from Massillon. From the rear of this cell the window through which Siler, Campbell and others had escaped could be reached without fear of detection from anyone entering the corridor, and all prisoners, except Mrs. George and the Horner girls, who were in another part of the jail, could have passed through the cell and window and dropped silently to the ground.

In raising the window, however, an accident occurred which blocked the delivery completely. The sash slipped from the board used in hoisting it and fell with a crash, shattering a pane of glass and the fragments fell to the sidewalk below. But for this unexpected warning to the officers the escape would undoubtedly have been accomplished. The most important of the prisoners who would have followed Sullivan to freedom are Robert Gibson and Michael Reamer, indicted for criminal assault, and Elmer Decker received from Massillon under the charge of highway robbery. After the attempt to escape had been discovered the prisoners were securely locked in cells on the opposite side of the corridor, and a careful search for the saws will be made today.

George Gibson, colored, who was indicted by the grand jury for criminal assault, entered a plea of guilty when taken before Judge McCarty this morning. Gibson's trial was set for Thursday, but his case was a hopeless one, and in pleading guilty he acted under the advice of his counsel. Judge McCarty talked to some length to the prisoner on the seriousness of the crime he had committed, then sentenced him to the penitentiary for ten years, at hard labor.

Michael Reamer, indicted under the same charge as Gibson, was also arraigned, but entered a plea of not guilty. To avoid further trouble in the jail, James Sullivan, who was convicted Tuesday of highway robbery, was brought into court and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of six years. Gibson and Sullivan were taken to Columbus by Sheriff Zaiser this afternoon.

The Canton board of health held a meeting last night, re-electing the city physician, health officer, and sanitary and food and dairy officer, instead of waiting until the usual time in March. The board also changed the terms of office from one to two years. There was much opposition and many spirited discussions, but the opposition lacked sufficient support.

Nicholas Stonehill, administrator of the estate of John S. Stonehill, has sued J. G. L. Brownwell and others to secure payment of a promissory note given in the sum of \$1,000. The note is secured by mortgage and foreclosure is desired.

The members of the Stark County Bar Association met in court room No. 1 at 9 o'clock this morning, to receive the report of the various committees appointed yesterday, following the death of Lawyer Nat C. McLeod. During the meeting C. C. Bow, J. J. Grant and others paid high tribute to the deceased member. The funeral, which was held at 10:30 o'clock, was attended by the bar members in a body.

James Sellars, of Canton, has pleaded guilty to Judge Wise under the charge of petit larceny. Sellars was sentenced to the workhouse for fifteen days and

fine \$15 and the costs. He will stand committed until the latter is paid.

The wills of Laura Jones, of Alliance, and Maggie Villa, of Tuscarawas township, have been admitted to probate. A final account has been filed in the estate of Theresa Cappin, of Alliance. The guardian of Robert Patton, of Canton, has been authorized to sell a promissory note.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Frank H. Shane and Nannie G. Hill, of Waynesburg, and Harry J. Diehlmann and Bertha Taggart, of Massillon.

TWO SAD ACCIDENTS.

One Occurs at Canal Fulton, Another at Justus.

VALENTINE ECKERT IS SHOT.

He Receives a Wound in the Abdomen Which Will Probably Prove Fatal—Benjamin Teeters Killed by a C. C. & S. Train at Justus.

CANAL FULTON, Feb. 8.—Valentine Eckert, of this place, was accidentally shot by ex-Marshall Joseph Ford this morning, receiving a wound that will probably prove fatal. Mr. Ford was shooting at some dogs which have been a nuisance in the village, when Mr. Eckert emerged suddenly from behind a coal house on his premises and was struck in the abdomen by a bullet. The attending physician believes that serious consequences from the wound might be averted by an operation, but to this Mr. Eckert will not submit, and his recovery is therefore doubtful. Mr. Eckert is 48 years of age, is married and has two daughters and a son, Francis Eckert, who keeps a meat market at North Lawrence.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

JUSTUS, Feb. 8.—Benjamin Teeters, aged 21 years, an agent of the C. C. & S. and the C. L. & W. railroads at this place, was killed by a C. C. & S. train at 6 o'clock this morning. Mr. Teeters was walking on the C. C. & S. track and watching a passing C. L. & W. train when the accident occurred. The unfortunate man resided with his parents at Baltic, where the body will be taken for burial.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

OUR NEWMAN LETTER.

NEWMAN, Feb. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. George Stoner and Master Howard visited friends at Alliance part of last week. J. A. Riley, of Canton, was here trying to sub-contract the carrying of the mail between this place and Massillon, to succeed David H. Jones, whose term expires June 30, 1899. So far we have failed to learn of anyone desiring the contract at the price offered.

On account of the township Sunday school convention at North Lawrence next Sunday afternoon and evening, there will be no church services held here, in order to allow those who desire an opportunity to attend the convention. "Mickey" Baumbeck and "Shiddy" Shrock returned home last week from the South, where they had been in search of work. They now fully realize that there is no place like home.

We are sorry to learn that the politicians of Ohio are put to the inconvenience of being compelled to go to Washington, D. C., to hold private conference with certain individuals before they dare say they are candidates for nomination for state offices on the Republican ticket next fall. As a Republican we always thought that our party was above or stronger than any one man or set of men, but the tactics that have been brought into play the past few years give strong evidence that the man is fast becoming stronger than the party.

CRYSTAL SPRING NEWS.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Feb. 7.—The mines in this vicinity are working steadily at present.

A traveling troupe held forth in Leonard's hall on Friday evening to a fair-sized crowd.

Our people are anxiously awaiting the fulfillment of a promise made by the West End county commissioner to pave the M. & C. railroad raised at the crossing at this place. The hill is a menace to the town and is at a dangerous point.

Miss Caroline C. Meiner, of Massillon, spent Sunday with her parents at Fort Corners.

Wm. Leonard and H. Smith are in Lorain on business.

Miss Julia Ubr, returned to Cleveland, after a month's stay in town.

Much complaint is made because the stars and strips do not float on high from the flag staff at the school house. Some one was given proper authority to quarantine a house in the southern extremity of Lawrence township. This individual perhaps thought it was only necessary to have the card posted on the premises, and so he nailed it to the rabbit pen. That night the wind blew it off and the next day it was found on a neighbor's front porch, and now it remains a conundrum as to whether the man put sick rabbits or the other's house in it.

A robust system might stand an occasional dose of alum without perceptible harm. But when it is taken into the system regularly from day to day in small doses, serious injury to the digestive organs is inevitable. Baking powders made from alum should not be admitted to the kitchens of any persons having the slightest regard for the well-being of themselves or families. If the advice of the best physicians and chemists is heeded, you will stick to the old reliable Royal Baking Powder—it is made from pure, wholesome cream of tartar, refined from grapes and makes healthful food.

ted with some disease. J. Beitel is home from Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Crookston of Massillon, spent Sunday with friends in our village.

NORTH LAWRENCE NEWS.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Feb. 6.—The Klondike mine, after an idleness of a full week, caused by the engine breaking, resumed operation today.

Myrick Evans, who has been an efficient checkweighman at the Manglewood Slope for some time, has been taken off by the miners, owing to the high rate per ton the men must pay.

Frank Miller and wife, of Conneville, Pa., were guests of their nephew, Prof. R. O. Ellis and family on Saturday.

Mrs. Thomas Ratchford is seriously ill with pneumonia. There are also many cases of the grip.

Last Thursday night Acorn Rebekah lodge entertained Elda Lodge, No. 5, of Canton. It was the lodge's regular meeting night, and the Elda degree staff conferred the work on seven candidates for Acorn lodge. The many favorable comments heard are sure signs of the appreciation the home lodge felt toward their sister lodge. After the lodge closed a sumptuous supper was served which all enjoyed. The following programme was rendered:

Instrumental Duet—Organ and Cornet. Mrs. M. E. Gracy and Samuel Johnson. Vocal Solo—Mrs. Mary Forest. Reading—Mrs. Mary Pollock. Reading—Mrs. Clara Sandwith. Instrumental Duet—Organ and Cornet. Mr. and Mrs. Moore.

Reading—Mrs. R. A. Pollock. Vocal Solo—Mrs. Mary Forest. The Canton lodge returned on No. 32 Friday morning.

Mrs. Lena Moffit and daughter, Mrs. Belle Stahl, of Mineral Point, visited friends on Thursday, and attended the Rebekah meeting.

Miss Mattie Gimb, of Wooster, is the guest of Miss Maggie Brown.

H. E. Kaufman and sister, Kate, spent Sunday with their parents in Wooster.

Our business men had quite a harvest in ice last week.

Following is the programme of Lawrence township Sunday school convention, to be held in the Methodist church, Lawrence, Sunday afternoon and evening, Feb. 12.

AFTERNOON.

Praise Service—Rev. R. M. Yoder. "Primary Work in the Sunday School"—Robert Ralston, Newman. "Reverence for the Bible in the Sunday School"—Rev. J. H. Miller. "Sunday School Ingathering"—A. J. Kittinger, Fulton. Leader in Discussion—Luella Landrock, Fulton. "The Home Missionary Spirit in the Sunday School"—Helen Earnshaw, Fulton. Leader in Discussion—Olive Bayard, Fulton. Miscellaneous Business. Collection. Dismissal.

EVENING SESSION.

Praise Service—Rev. J. L. Miller. "Primary Teaching"—Mrs. B. C. Pikey, Lawrence. Leader in Discussion—Miss Emma Johnson, Lawrence. "The Teacher's Personal Preparation"—Rev. Wm. Elliot. Leader in Discussion—Mrs. Grace Porter. Address—"The Work of the Ohio Sunday School Association"—Prof. E. A. Jones, Massillon. Miscellaneous Business. Report of Committees. Collection. Dismissal. Music will be scattered through the programme. Entertainment will be furnished. Every body come, praying for the convention. Sontime will be used.

THE WHEELING & LAKE ERIE.

The Present Management of the Road will Be Retained.

TOLEDO, Feb. 8.—The Wheeling & Lake Erie railway was sold yesterday to E. R. Adee and W. R. Kreeb, representatives of the reorganization committee, for one million dollars, subject to \$600,000 divisional mortgage and interest on the same, amounting to about \$500,000 more, and the current liabilities. This would run the securities up to over seven millions.

One of the most important features of the sale was a statement by Amos Godwin, attorney for the reorganization committee. "I do not anticipate that there will be any changes made in the management of the road under the reorganization. The present management has made a most excellent showing, and as I understand it, no changes are contemplated."

This is a virtual admission that the present receivers will be retained, and, in that event, Mr. Herrick will have charge of the finances of the property, and Mr. R. C. Sweeney will be in active charge of the operations of the road. This is the estimation that has come from an authoritative source. The reorganization committee selects the board of directors and the latter will name the officers.

What a Prominent Kentuckian Says.

W. L. Vance, Paducah, writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians of southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy." Rider & Snyder.

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